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## ASSESSMENT POLICY

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REVIEWED BY MRS A. O'GARA  
SEPTEMBER 2012

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### 1 INTRODUCTION

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- 1.1** Effective assessment provides information to improve teaching and learning. We give our children regular feedback on their learning so that they understand what it is that they need to do better. This allows us to base our lesson plans on a detailed knowledge of each pupil. We give parents regular reports on their child's progress so that teachers, children and parents are all working together to raise standards for all our children.

### 2 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

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- 2.1** The aims and objectives of assessment in our school are:
- to enable our children to demonstrate what they know, understand and can do in their work;
  - to help our children understand what they need to do next to improve their work;
  - to allow teachers to plan work that accurately reflects the needs of each child;
  - to provide regular information for parents that enables them to support their child's learning;
  - to provide the headteacher and governors with information that allows them to make judgements about the effectiveness of the school.

### 3 PLANNING FOR ASSESSMENT

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- 3.1** We use our school's formative assessment procedures to inform planning. In this plan we set out the aims, objectives and values of our school and give details of what is to be assessed to each year group. In our school curriculum plan we also identify opportunities for summative assessment at the end of each term.
- 3.2** We use the National Strategies to support our teaching. We use the assessment guidance in these schemes and APP to help us identify each child's level of attainment.
- 3.3** We plan our lessons with clear learning objectives. We base these upon the teacher's detailed knowledge of each child. We strive to ensure that all tasks set are appropriate to each child's level of ability. Our lesson plans make clear the expected outcomes for each lesson. We make a note of those individual children who do not achieve at the expected level for the lesson, and we use this

information when planning for the next lesson. We also keep this information as a record of the progress made by the class.

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#### 4 TARGET SETTING

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- 4.1** Every school is required by law to set targets in Mathematics and English each year for those pupils who are in Year 6. We set targets in Mathematics and English and Science, with the Headteacher, for all our children during each academic year. We discuss individual targets where necessary and communicate these to parents. We review the progress of each child at the end of each academic year, and share this with the future teacher during transition week and meet with parents where a pupil has a specific need. At the end of each term targets are reviewed by the classteacher, along with the Headteacher, using our school tracking system. An action plan is then written in order to target appropriate groups and provide intervention programmes.
- 4.2** In Key Stage 2 we encourage the children to set targets that are linked to their individual working habits. In Key Stage 1 these are held by the teacher. The children themselves record these targets in the appropriate book and the teacher and child review these together on a regular basis.
- 4.3** We ask our older children to review their targets with fellow pupils, because we believe that this encourages them to work together and share evidence of progress. We encourage the children to involve their parents in this process.

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#### 5 RECORDING

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- 5.1** We recognise various methods of assessing a child's learning. The type of assessment that we make varies from subject to subject. We think that it is unnecessary to keep a formal record of all these assessments; we record only information that affects future learning.
- 5.2** We plan our lessons with clear learning objectives in order to ensure Assessment for Learning, to track pupil progress and inform future planning.
- 5.3** We take the objectives for individual lessons from the broad learning objectives within the school's curriculum plan. These in turn reflect the demands of the National Curriculum. Our teachers record the progress of each child against these broad objectives. This enables them to make a judgement about the work of each child in relation to the National Curriculum level of attainment. This allows us to monitor the progress of each child. Each teacher passes this information on to the next teacher at the end of each year.

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#### 6 REPORTING TO PARENTS

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- 6.1** We have a range of strategies that keep parents fully informed of their child's progress in school. We encourage parents to contact the school if they have concerns about any aspect of their child's work.

- 6.2** We offer parents the opportunity to meet their child's teacher in the Autumn Term. At the first meeting of the school year we review the targets that we have identified for their child. At the end of this term we send out a progress report which informs parents if their child is working at, above or below nationally expected levels after a discussion with the Headteacher. Also included in this report is the pupil's previous level of attainment to aid understanding of progress. We repeat this at the end of the Spring Term and invite parents to discuss this.
- 6.3** During the summer term we give all parents a written report of their child's progress and achievements during the year. We comment on all subjects of the National Curriculum and on religious education. We include a space for parental feedback.
- 6.4** In reports for pupils in Year 2 and Year 6 we also provide details of the levels achieved in the national tests. In other year groups this is communicated through Teacher Assessment.
- 6.5** We offer parents of pupils in EYFS the opportunity to discuss their child's progress each term. In the Summer term each parent receives a written report on progress and a digital portfolio of their child's learning journey through EYFS.
- 6.6** Each of our teachers gives parents a termly update that identifies the main areas of study for that particular class. In this update the teacher identifies how parents can support any elements of the work during the term.

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## 7 FEEDBACK TO PUPILS

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- 7.1** We believe that feedback to pupils is very important, as it tells them how well they have done and what they need to do next in order to improve their work. We have an agreed code for marking, as this ensures that we all mark in the same way.
- 7.2** We give children verbal feedback on their work whenever possible. We usually do this when the children are working during the lesson although we sometimes give feedback on a particular lesson at the beginning of the next one. When lesson time does not allow for verbal feedback, we write comments on the children's work during marking. We give written comments to children of all ages. We do not always aim these comments at the children, particularly in younger years; quite often we write something that is useful to both parents and teachers.
- 7.3** When we give written feedback to a child, we relate this to the learning objective for the lesson. By so doing we make clear whether the objective has been met and we produce evidence to support the judgement. If we consider that the objective has not been met, we make clear why this was the case. In both cases we identify what the child needs to do next in order to improve future work.
- 7.4** We encourage the children to make comments about their own work and the work of fellow pupils. We encourage pupils in Key Stage 2 to be the first markers of their own and peers work and they are therefore trained as Response Partners.

- 7.5** We allow time at the beginning of each lesson for the children to absorb any comments written on their work. We do this to ensure that the time that our teachers spend marking impacts on the children's work.

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## 8 CONSISTENCY

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- 8.1** All core subject leaders monitor children's work within their subject area. Subject leaders use the national exemplification materials to make judgements about the levels of the children's work. All our teachers discuss these levels, so that they have a common understanding of the expectations in each subject. By doing this we ensure that we make consistent judgements about standards in the school.
- 8.2** It is each subject leader's responsibility to sample the levelling of work to ensure consistency.
- 8.3** Our subject leaders also liaise with our local secondary schools, as we believe there should be a common understanding of standards right through the education process.

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## 9 MONITORING AND REVIEW

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- 9.1** Our assessment co-ordinator is responsible for monitoring the implementation of this policy. We allocate special time for this vital task. The co-ordinator uses this time to inspect samples of the children's work and to observe the policy being implemented in the classroom.